Overall Program Schedule
Global South-South Development Expo 2010
Event Structure

**22 Nov**
- **Opening Ceremony & High-level Segment**
  (GB Room)
  9-11:30
- **Leadership Roundtable-HDRO**
  (GB Room)
  11:30-1
- **Legal Empowerment of the South & Launch of the Global Legal Empowerment of the Poor Network**
  (Room XI)
  2-6

**23 Nov**
- **High-Level Development Cooperation Directors-General Meeting**
  (GB Room)
  9-6
  (By invitation only)
- **IBSA Panel**
  (GB room) followed by Reception (Gobelín)
  6-8

**24 Nov**
- **SS Think Tanks**
  (Room XI)
  9-12
- **WIDE Roster Workshop**
  (Room XI)
  1-3
- **SS Media**
  (Room XI)
  3-6
- **SS-GATE Tax and Climate Change**
  (Room XI)
  6:15-6

**25 Nov**
- **Solution Forum 1 Social Protection and Decent Work**
  (Room XI)
  9-12
- **Solution Forum 2 Food Security**
  (Room XI)
  1-3:30
- **Solution Forum 3 Climate Change & Environment**
  (Room XI)
  4-7
- **Solution Forum 4 HIV/AIDS**
  (Room XI)
  9-12
- **Solution Forum 5 Global Health**
  (Room XI)
  1-4
- **Solution Forum 6 Education**
  (Room XI)
  4-7
- **Dinner Performance & Housing and Urban Planning SS Transfer Award**
  (ILO Restaurant)
  7-9

**26 Nov**
- **Closing Ceremony & Annual SSC Awards**
  (GB Room)
  9-12

**EXHIBITION FLOOR**
(Showcasing of Solutions)
22-26 November 2010

**VENUE**
(Gobelín & Colonnades)
“United Nations agencies, funds and programmes must better coordinate their activities, particularly in the area of South-South cooperation, to address development challenges that are beyond the capacity of any one country to tackle alone. I am committed to strengthening and streamlining United Nations support for South-South cooperation.”

Ban Ki-moon
Secretary-General, United Nations

Reflecting the need to strengthen South-South cooperation, Secretary General Ban Ki-moon, in his 23 August 2007 report on the state of South-South cooperation (A/62/295), recommended that the General Assembly encourage Member States and their development partners, including the United Nations system, to:

a) Optimize the use of South-South approaches in achieving the internationally agreed development goals, including the Millennium Development Goals;

b) Intensify multilateral support for South-South initiatives to address common development challenges;

c) Foster inclusive partnerships for South-South cooperation, including triangular and public-private partnerships;

d) Enhance the coherence of United Nations system support for South-South cooperation through closer inter-agency collaboration, joint programming and documentation of lessons and good practices; and

e) Continue to develop innovative mechanisms to mobilize resources for South-South and triangular initiatives, including through contributions to the United Nations Voluntary Trust Fund for South-South Cooperation.
The United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) is the UN’s global development network, an organization advocating for change and connecting countries to knowledge, experience and resources to help people build a better life. It is on the ground in 166 countries, working with them on their own solutions to global and national development challenges. As they develop local capacity, they draw on the people of UNDP and its wide range of partners.

“The rise of the emerging economies and their growing geopolitical importance is putting real weight behind South-South cooperation. More and more of the expertise and financing developing countries need is likely to come from across the South in the future. UNDP and the UN development system overall are well positioned to facilitate that transfer of knowledge and relevant experience.”

Helen Clark
Chair, UNDG and Administrator, UNDP

Monday, 22 November

9:00AM-11:30AM
Governing Body Room, ILO Headquarters

**Opening Ceremony & High-level Segment**

The Global South-South Development Expo 2010 will begin with a grand Opening Ceremony and High-level Segment featuring a host of distinguished and powerful champions of South-South cooperation. Former Heads of State, prominent government officials, senior officials of the United Nations system, Permanent Representatives to the United Nations, and representatives from civil society and academia from throughout the world will come together to launch an event that, since its inception, has served as a vibrant platform for the South and the international development community to celebrate successes, share solutions and forge innovative and inclusive South-South and triangular partnerships. The Opening Ceremony and High-level Segment will feature messages and statements from the President of the UN General Assembly High-level Committee on South-South Cooperation, the United Nations Secretary-General, the Chair of the UNDG and Administrator of UNDP, the Director-General of ILO, the Executive Director of UN Women, the Deputy Director-General of UNESCO, the Deputy Executive Director of UNAIDS, the Minister of Foreign Affairs of Brazil, and other high-level officials.

11:30AM-1:00PM
Governing Body Room, ILO Headquarters


The Leadership Roundtable will feature a presentation of the global Human Development Report 2010, 20th Anniversary Edition. This presentation by the Human Development Report Office will focus on the potential of developing countries to learn from one another’s human development achievements. In addition to methodological innovations and the calculation of 60-year Human Development Index trends, the 20th edition will introduce the new Multidimensional Poverty Index, which provides a comprehensively broad portrait of people living in poverty, using assessments of many different factors from basic household goods and daily living expenses to education, health care and employment. Following the presentation of the Human Development Report 2010, a panel discussion will highlight insights found in the Report on issues such as human development, political freedoms and empowerment, sustainability and human security, and ideas for a broader agenda for research and policies to respond to these challenges.
Legal Empowerment of the South and Launch of the Global Legal Empowerment of the Poor Network

Approximately four billion people are excluded from the rule of law. Their lives and livelihoods are guided by informal systems that do not allow them to utilize legal frameworks to protect their assets, homes or businesses or benefit from global labour standards, property rights or land tenure systems. They lack access to social protection and other opportunities to improve their quality of life through legal frameworks and institutions. Legal empowerment of the poor is fundamental to a rights-based approach to sustainable human development and achievement of the Millennium Development Goals (MDGs). By addressing the structural causes of poverty and exclusion, legal empowerment of the poor can enhance social justice and contribute to equitable growth. South-South and triangular cooperation are key mechanisms for Southern development and are critical for disseminating knowledge, experiences and best practices for legal empowerment. The session on Legal Empowerment of the South will begin with the Global Practitioners’ Roundtable on Legal Empowerment in which practitioners will build on their national/regional activities and share experiences and lessons, including those on incentives and barriers to implementation. They will also share insights on South-South cooperation as an effective mechanism to implement legal empowerment of the poor (LEP) at local and national levels, mainstreamed across development agendas. The panel discussion will be followed by the launching of the Global Legal Empowerment of the Poor Network. This segment will include a high-level panel comprising ILO, the Special Unit for South-South Cooperation, UNDP, the World Bank, the Open Society Institute and Commissioners who will present their vision on the need for a LEP network and a community of practitioners to meet the growing demand of diverse actors and stakeholders for a sustainable knowledge management system.

The session on Legal Empowerment of the South and the Launch of the Global Legal Empowerment of the Poor Network are co-organized by the Open Society Institute and the UNDP Bureau for Development Policy.

“South-South cooperation; the interactions between two or more developing countries that can be characterized as sharing knowledge, experiences, expertise and best practices, technical cooperation, mutual learning, joint initiatives or even technology transfers; offers a tremendous potential for cost-effective, technologically- and contextually-appropriate development solutions to be shared and scaled up.”

H.E. Ms. Josephine Ojiambo
President of the UN General Assembly High-level Committee on South-South Cooperation

On 21 December 2009, the UN General Assembly adopted the Nairobi outcome document of the High-level United Nations Conference on South-South Cooperation. As General Assembly Resolution 64/222 of 21 December 2009 states:

“In order to realize the potential of South-South cooperation in accordance with its principles and to attain the objectives of supporting national and regional development efforts, strengthening institutional and technical capacities, improving the exchange of experience and know-how among developing countries, responding to their specific development challenges and increasing the impact of international cooperation, we...Encourage such institutions and [South-South] centres of excellence, as well as regional and subregional economic groupings, to establish closer links among themselves, with the support of the Special Unit for South-South Cooperation, including through its Global South-South Development Academy, Global South-South Development Expo and South-South Global Assets and Technology Exchange.”
Think tanks can play an important role in development through research, analysis and advocacy in areas such as social policy, political strategy, economics, and science and technology. Critical thinking in these areas is of particular importance to the South since the challenges that it faces can be overcome only through innovative and forward-thinking ideas, solutions and policies.

In this forum, representatives from Southern think tanks will discuss the complex policy roles played by think tanks and how such institutions can be strengthened in their efforts to provide research and advocacy in support of Southern development.

The lead organizer of this segment is the South Centre.

The Web of Information for Development (WIDE) Roster Platform seeks to broaden the access to Southern expertise through the maintenance of rosters of experts. This web-based platform, offered by the Special Unit for South-South Cooperation in UNDP, is currently used by many UN and UNDP units to create, manage and make use of their own experts rosters. These include, among others, UNDP country offices, regional centres and bureaux; UNCDF; UNIFEM; and departments at the UN Secretariat.

WIDE has grown to important proportions. Available in three languages, it currently has 102 registered rosters, 42 of them with recorded log activities in the last 12 months. There are over 10,630 experts recorded, and some rosters own more than 800 expert professional profiles. This workshop will bring together current roster managers to discuss new directions and functionalities for WIDE and to design the next version of it.

Following the Directors-General Workshop in 2008 and High-level Meeting on South-South and Triangular Cooperation in 2009, the High-Level Meeting on South-South and Triangular Cooperation 2010 will be co-organized by the Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA) and the Special Unit of South-South Cooperation with the theme of “Working Together towards Global Development Solutions”.

The High-Level Meeting will feature Directors-General of cooperation agencies of national governments of the South that are either currently providing technical cooperation to other developing countries or are preparing to engage in such cooperation in the near future. Bilateral and multilateral donors, international organizations and UN agencies are also invited to explore new avenues for collaboration through a triangular cooperation approach. In 2009, the High-Level Meeting included over 100 participants, including 38 from pivotal countries; 3 from recipient countries; 32 from donors; 2 from NGOs; 31 from UNDP and other UN agencies; and 2 observers. This year, we expect to have a similar or higher rate of participation.

The objective of this meeting is to facilitate knowledge-sharing of best practices in South-South and triangular cooperation towards achieving the MDGs and other internationally agreed development goals as well as discussion of common challenges and innovative methods of capacity development.

The meeting will cover the following topics:

1) Global Development Solutions and South-South and Triangular Cooperation;
2) Implementation Structure of South-South and Triangular Cooperation and Promotion of Regional Cooperation;
3) Capacity Development for Better Management of South-South and Triangular Cooperation;
4) The Way Forward.

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4) The Way Forward.
**Tuesday, 23 November**

**3:00PM-6:00PM**  
Room XI, ILO Headquarters  
**Mini Forum 2: Southern and Emerging Countries: Media and Communication for Development**

International communications give relatively little visibility to Southern and emerging countries despite their growing economic and political presence in the international arena. Moreover, news in the mainstream global media on topics of interest to these countries, particularly issues relating to development, tends to have an approach that is limited.

In this forum, Southern and emerging countries interested in coordinating efforts will discuss how to strengthen their capacities in international communication as well as build and strengthen networks among them. In this way, these countries can promote a more balanced and inclusive global communication scenario. This Forum is part of the Southern and Emerging Countries initiative on Media and Communication for Development organized by the Federative Republic of Brazil.

**4:15PM-6:00PM**  
Room IX, ILO Headquarters  
**Mini Forum 3: Furthering Development Goals through SS-GATE Services and Promoting South-South Knowledge-sharing on Effective Tax Tools for Climate Change**

SS-GATE is an innovative platform that enables global technology transfer among Southern countries and addresses the critical challenges in advancing the MGDs for development. This South-South transaction platform facilitates market-driven and transparent exchanges of technology, assets, services and financial resources among the private sector, the public sector and civil society. In its two years of operation, the platform has listed over 1,450 projects globally. In this forum, you will learn about successes achieved through SS-GATE and how this platform works in the development of small and medium-sized enterprises, creative economies, environmentally sustainable growth and global health promotion.

To specifically address Southern solutions for environmentally sustainable development, UNDESA and the Special Unit for South-South Cooperation will co-host a discussion on successful tax strategies that mitigate climate change based on the experiences of the project, “South-South Sharing of Successful Tax Practice (S4TP)”. Environmental taxation can be a powerful instrument for use by developing countries to raise revenue to finance poverty reduction measures and incentivize energy-efficient innovation. Green tax incentives can be used to encourage environmentally friendly investments and spur economic growth. Additionally, revenue from emissions taxes and permit sales can finance infrastructure development.

**6:00PM-8:00PM**  
Governning Body Room, ILO Headquarters  
**IBSA Panel**

The India, Brazil and South Africa (IBSA) panel will discuss the mission and accomplishments to date of this South-South cooperation fund, which is currently implementing projects in seven developing countries across Africa, the Arab States, Asia and Latin America. Representatives from India, Brazil and South Africa will comment on IBSA’s objectives and provide an overview of the fund and its activities.

The discussions will feature IBSA’s project in Guinea-Bissau. A government official implementing IBSA’s activities on the ground in the areas of agricultural development, adult literacy and solar energy will describe the successes that were jointly achieved by Guinea-Bissau and IBSA partners. Moreover, stakeholders from participating villages will provide personal accounts on how this project has impacted their lives.
The current economic climate is expected to have a dramatic effect on employment, health and working conditions in the South unless action is taken to prevent vulnerable populations from falling further into poverty and misery. The goal of achieving decent work for all involves a host of complex challenges, including alarmingly high rates of global unemployment and underemployment, child labour, gender inequality, poor-quality and unproductive jobs, unsafe working conditions, insecure income, worker exploitation, and accidents and diseases in the workplace. The pervasive lack of decent work is a significant obstacle to the South’s efforts to achieve poverty reduction and is exacerbated by a lack of social protection for vulnerable populations. Four out of five people worldwide lack access to social guarantees needed to prevent them from falling prey to poverty, prompting many in the development community to call for a social protection floor to protect people through the recognition of basic social rights, services and facilities. The emerging approach calls for integrated social policies that at the same time protect people from becoming trapped in poverty and empower workers to seize labour market opportunities. From this perspective, adequate skills development and employment policies should be combined with income security and access to social services. This Solution Exchange Forum will showcase successful Southern mechanisms for providing social protection floors coordinated with public employment policies, combating child labour and cultivating skills development and knowledge management platforms. The Solution Exchange Forum on Social Protection and Decent Work is organized by the International Labour Organization (ILO).
Wednesday, 24 November

1:00PM-3:30PM
Room XI, ILO Headquarters

Solution Exchange Forum 2: Food Security

Worldwide, almost 1 billion people are chronically hungry due to extreme poverty while up to 2 billion people lack food security intermittently owing to varying degrees of poverty. Global population growth, climate change, loss of agricultural land to residential and industrial development, and the steep rise in world energy prices have all contributed to a worsening of the hunger epidemic. The challenge of food insecurity has been strongly felt in countries of the South, particularly in the least developed countries. Unable to afford adequate food, the poor in the South are at higher risk for malnutrition, which can have devastating and long-lasting impacts, reducing the ability of adults to work and to give birth to healthy children, and eroding children’s ability to learn and lead productive, healthy and happy lives. As such, it is only fitting that food security is a leading development priority in South-South cooperation. Countries of the South are in a prime position to assist one another through the sharing and transfer of knowledge, improved technologies and sustainable production practices. This Solution Exchange Forum will address a range of issues relating to the increasingly dynamic challenge of food insecurity and will showcase innovative solutions, schemes and mechanisms for sustainable agriculture, agribusiness, and agro-based industries and technologies.

The Solution Exchange Forum on Food Security is co-organized by the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO), the International Fund for Agricultural Development (IFAD), and the World Food Programme (WFP).

4:00PM-7:00PM
Room XI, ILO Headquarters

Solution Exchange Forum 3: Climate Change and the Environment

As economic development has encouraged industrial advances throughout the world, the environment has increasingly been damaged through pollution and other forms of degradation. Climate change is now widely recognized as the major environmental problem facing the world, with emissions from fossil fuel combustion, land use, ozone depletion, animal agriculture and deforestation all affecting climate. The repercussions of climate change, which include increased storms, floods, droughts and heat waves, affect some of the most fundamental determinants of health: air, water, food and shelter. Climate-sensitive diseases such as malaria and diarrhoeal diseases as well as malnutrition combine to kill millions worldwide every year. But while climate change is a global phenomenon, the South is and will be particularly harmed by climate change as it worsens the already-significant problems faced by the developing world. Droughts and flooding, intensified by climate change, can lead to famine and loss or contamination of water supplies. Extreme weather affects agricultural productivity and can raise the price of staple foods, such as grains, that are essential to poor households in developing countries. Faced with these challenges, the South has shown amazing innovation in using Southern-generated development solutions to address climate change. This Solution Exchange Forum will showcase innovative solutions and mechanisms for climate change, such as clean technologies, renewable energy and effective conservation techniques.

The Solution Exchange Forum on Climate Change and Environment is co-organized by Fundecooperación para el Desarrollo Sostenible and the United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP).
The HIV epidemic has inflicted immense suffering on countries and communities throughout the world and poses one of the most formidable challenges to the development, progress and stability of the world at large. In many parts of the world, the spread of HIV is a cause and consequence of poverty, social inequalities and human rights abuses. Effective country responses to the HIV epidemic are essential to achieving internationally agreed development goals, including the Millennium Development Goals. While the crisis is global in nature, its toll has been particularly high in the South. Of the tens of millions of people who have been infected with HIV or died from AIDS, more than 95 per cent live in developing countries. South-South and triangular cooperation play a critical role in the HIV response by enabling countries to mobilize and facilitate capacity-building, exchange knowledge and provide technical support using relevant and proven approaches. This Solution Exchange Forum will showcase innovative and successful solutions, mechanisms and networks in the HIV response addressing the epidemic through partnerships that go beyond the borders of nations and the boundaries of religions.

The Solution Exchange Forum on HIV/AIDS is organized by the Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS).

As many as 2 billion people around the world face health threats every day. People in more than 45 countries are experiencing health emergencies as a result of natural disasters, economic crises or conflict. The multiple, concurrent crises of economic recession, climate change, persistent poverty, food insecurity and the like only serve to heighten concerns regarding global health. As the world has become increasingly interconnected, the spread of disease across borders is an ever larger threat to global health. Yet in the midst of these circumstances, the world has seen tremendous success in combating certain diseases. The recent outcome document of the 2010 MDG Summit articulates the progress towards and remaining challenges to achieving the health-related MDGs. The launch of the Global Strategy for Women’s and Children’s Health by the Secretary-General continues to highlight the importance of women and children to all of the MDGs. Borderless threats require cooperation and coordination among countries and present an ideal setting for the implementation of South-South strategies. South-South cooperation, which includes the sharing of knowledge, experience, resources and even technologies, is a vital tool in efforts to protect global health – whether in preventing the spread of disease, facilitating access to health information or combining resources to fight the neglected diseases that affect billions of people worldwide. This Solution Exchange Forum, which highlights the issue of maternal and child health, will help to address the health challenges that women and children face in the global South. It will feature innovative policy and institutional responses, effective and practical solutions, and outreach and delivery mechanisms for dealing with health pandemics, neglected diseases and access to health information.

The Solution Exchange Forum on Global Health is organized by the World Health Organization (WHO).
The need to provide broad access to education is a critical challenge for development efforts since it affects virtually all the areas addressed by the MDGs. Despite significant progress since 2000, the international community is still not on track to deliver on the promise of quality basic education for all by 2015, with current trends projecting that an estimated 56 million children will still lack access to schooling by that date. Education is crucial for accelerating the South’s progress across all agreed international targets. Quality basic education can equip both boys and girls in the South with the knowledge and skills necessary to adopt healthy lifestyles, protect themselves from HIV/AIDS and other diseases, and take an active role in society, the economy and political decision-making.

This Solution Exchange Forum will feature successful and innovative Southern approaches and best practices in education such as ICT and teacher training, knowledge exchange on technical and vocational education and training, multi-purpose community learning centres and networks on assessment of quality education.

The Solution Exchange Forum on Education is organized by the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO).

The Housing and Urban Planning South-South Transfer Award will recognize, through a prize and a mention, two Southern development solutions in this field that have been successfully shared between developing countries. The goal of this initiative is to identify, provide visibility for, and honour those who have successfully shared their projects and approaches with other communities across the South, thereby increasing the impact of the development solution. It is also to learn from those successful South-South transfers and their experiences.

The Award invited ten years of winners and finalists, from developing countries, of the prestigious World Habitat Awards, the UN-HABITAT Scroll of Honour and the Dubai International Award to submit their experiences, challenges and lessons sharing their awarded best practices with other communities in the global South.

The award will be jointly presented by representatives from the three co-organizers of the event: the Special Unit for South-South Cooperation in UNDP, UN-HABITAT and the Building and Social Housing Foundation.
The Closing Ceremony of the GSSD Expo 2010 will be a grand celebration of the event’s success. Eminent leaders in South-South cooperation, including government officials, leaders of UN agencies and intergovernmental organizations, and other significant leaders of Southern initiatives will share their ongoing commitment to South-South cooperation and highlight the importance of South-South cooperation going forward. In addition, the ceremony will feature update reporting on initiatives launched at the GSSD Expo 2009. It will conclude with the presentation of the annual South-South Cooperation Awards to individuals and organizations that have been outstanding champions of South-South and triangular cooperation throughout the world.

The Closing Ceremony will feature messages and statements from the President of the 65th session of the UN General Assembly, the President of the UN General Assembly High-level Committee on South-South Cooperation, the Chair of the Group of 77 (Geneva Chapter), the Chair of the OECD DAC, the Director-General of ILO, the Secretary-General of UNCTAD, the Director-General of WHO, the Executive-Secretary of UNECA and other high-level officials.

“With the Millennium Development Goals, the international community also emphasizes the necessity to build a global partnership for development that includes all stakeholders – donor and developing countries, non-governmental actors, the private sector and foundations. Ownership of national development strategies by the developing countries and mutual accountability among all stakeholders have to be at the core of our efforts to reduce poverty.”

H.E. Mr. Joseph Deiss
President, 65th session of the United Nations General Assembly
Showcasing Solutions of the GSSD Expo 2010

Both before and throughout the GSSD Expo 2010, the Exhibition Floor of ILO will showcase development solutions considered among the best Southern-generated development solutions to date, providing shining examples of the current and potential strength of South-South cooperation. A number of South-South and triangular partnership solutions in the five thematic areas will be displayed using posters, audio-visual equipment, and tables for printed materials and publications relevant to South-South cooperation.

All of the showcased solutions will embody each of the following 8 key attributes: (1) Southern priority/demand driven; (2) Southern ownership; (3) Southern leadership; (4) broad-based partnership; (5) innovation; (6) efficiency; (7) sustainability; and (8) scalability. Also exhibited will be innovative South-South, triangular and public-private partnership mechanisms championed in the South, by the South and for the South, including those supported by the donor community, the United Nations development system, multilateral financial institutions, the private sector and other development partner organizations.

### A selection of featured booths includes:

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Booth Description</th>
<th>Organization/Programme</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Special Unit for South-South Cooperation, UNDP</td>
<td>Vision: Zero discrimination. Zero new HIV infections. Zero</td>
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<td>Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations [FAO] -</td>
<td>World Health Organization [WHO]</td>
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<td>Japan International Cooperation Agency [JICA]'s Support for South-South Cooperation</td>
<td>World Food Programme [WFP] - Managing Environmental</td>
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<td>India, Brazil and South Africa [IBSA] fund - a pioneer effort to</td>
<td>Resources to Enable Transition [MERET], a project from</td>
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<td>South-South Global Assets and Technology Exchange [SS-GATE]</td>
<td>the Government of Ethiopia</td>
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<td>Redbud Centre</td>
<td>Social Protection Floor</td>
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<td>Programme for South-South Cooperation on Sustainable</td>
<td>Combating Child Labour through South-South Cooperation</td>
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<td>United Nations Development Programme on Sustainable</td>
<td>Global Jobs Pact: Promoting Innovative Employment</td>
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<td>Benin, Bhutan and Costa Rica [PSCC] - Strategic Partnership for South-South</td>
<td>Programmes</td>
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<td>Programme for South-South Cooperation on Sustainable</td>
<td>Capacity Building through Social Dialogue</td>
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<td>Benin, Bhutan and Costa Rica [PSCC] - Strategic Partnership for South-South</td>
<td>South-South Cooperation for Skills Development Solutions</td>
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<td>Innovative South-South Partnerships to Achieve Results in the HIV Response:</td>
<td>Knowledge-Sharing Platform and Network</td>
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<td>ICT in Teacher Training Project</td>
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<td>Multi-Purpose Community Learning Centres in the Arab</td>
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<td>Latin American Laboratory for Assessment of the Quality of</td>
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<td>Education (LLECE)</td>
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<td>UNEVOC International Centre for Technical and Vocational</td>
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<td>Education and Training</td>
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<td>The Caribbean Partnership for Elimination of Mother-to-Child</td>
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<td>Global Health Solutions from Colombia [Kangaroo Foundation], El Salvador and</td>
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<td>Joint WHO, ILO and UNAIDS Policy Guidelines for Health Workers’ Access to HIV</td>
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Host of the Global South-South Development Expo 2010

The International Labour Organization (ILO) is the host of the Global South-South Development Expo 2010. ILO is devoted to advancing opportunities for women and men to obtain decent and productive work in conditions of freedom, equity, security and human dignity. Its main aims are to promote rights at work, encourage decent employment opportunities, enhance social protection and strengthen dialogue in handling work-related issues.

"Respect for national autonomy and priorities; diversity of circumstances and of solutions; solidarity among nations; no one-size-fits-all solution. These orientations of South-South cooperation converge with the approach of the ILO’s Decent Work Agenda. The ILO is pleased to put this Agenda at the service of South-South cooperation initiatives to promote internationally agreed development goals. Count on our continued engagement!"

Juan Somavia
Director-General, ILO

ILO building floor plan
The Special Unit for South-South Cooperation was established by the United Nations General Assembly in 1978. Hosted in UNDP, its primary mandate is to promote, coordinate and support South-South and triangular cooperation on a global and United Nations system-wide basis.

It receives policy directives and guidance from the General Assembly High-level Committee (HLC) on South-South Cooperation, which is a committee of the whole and a subsidiary body of the General Assembly that reviews worldwide progress in South-South cooperation. The Special Unit serves as the full Secretariat of the HLC, preparing all substantive reports, including the report of the Secretary-General on the state of South-South cooperation. It organizes the General Assembly-proclaimed United Nations Day for South-South Cooperation, celebrated annually on 19 December It manages the United Nations Fund for South-South Cooperation, the Pérez-Guerrero Trust Fund and the IBSA Facility for Hunger and Poverty Alleviation. It also implements programmes financed by the United Nations Development Programme.

To participate in the next GSSD Expo, please register online at www.southsouthexpo.org

To nominate a solution, please visit www.southsouthexpo.org and contact the GSSD Expo Secretariat at gssdexpo.secretariat@undp.org

To become a Lead Co-organizer/Partner/Sponsor of the GSSD Expo, please consider the opportunities listed below:

- Contribution to the UN Fund for South-South Cooperation;
- Sponsorship of a publication on South-South and triangular cooperation (e.g., South-South in Action, South-South Executive Brief, South Report);
- Printing of the GSSD Expo 2010 book (a publication commemorating the solutions shared at Expo 2010);
- Sponsorship of a sub-forum or side event;
- Sponsorship of a high-level delegate or Head of State from a landlocked country or least developed country;
- Sponsorship of a high-level delegate from Africa, Asia and the Pacific, the Arab States, Europe, or Latin America;
- Sponsorship of a high-level delegate of an intergovernmental or non-governmental organization;
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- Exhibition booth to showcase your products.

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